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2-*tert*-Butyloxymethyl-6-cyano-2,3-dihydro-5*H*-oxazolo[3,2-*a*]pyrimidin-5-one

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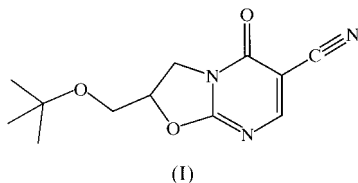
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The condensation reaction of 2-amino-5-*tert*-butyloxymethyl-2-oxazoline with ethyl cyano(ethoxymethylene)acetate led to the title cycloadduct. The structure indicates a delocalization in the pyrimidine ring.

Comment

2-Amino-2-oxazolines are found useful synthons for the preparation of various pyrimidine derivatives (Kampe, 1974; Forfar *et al.*, 1990; Chaimbault *et al.*, 1999). As an example, 5-*tert*-butyloxymethyl-2-amino-2-oxazoline reacted with ethyl cyano(ethoxymethylene)acetate (EMCA) to yield 2-*tert*-butyloxymethyl-6-cyano-2,3-dihydro-5*H*-oxazolo[3,2-*a*]pyrimidin-5-one, (I). Its structure was established by X-ray crystallography. The analysis of bond lengths and angles indicated a π delocalization on the pyrimidine cycle. The fused rings are found almost coplanar. The orientation of the *tert*-butyloxymethyl chain is defined by the torsion angle C6–O7–C8–C9 = $-140.8(3)^\circ$. The crystalline cohesion is ensured by intermolecular van der Waals contacts.



Experimental

Ethyl cyano(ethoxymethylene)acetate (50 mmol) is added dropwise to a solution of 2-amino-5-*tert*-butyloxymethyl-1,3-

oxazoline (50 mmol) in ethanol (150 ml). The solution is stirred magnetically at room temperature overnight any delay. The solvent is evaporated under reduced pressure and the product is recrystallized from tetrachloroethylene (77%). Colourless crystals were grown in ethanol and had m.p. = 375 K.

Crystal data

C₁₂H₁₅N₃O₃
M_r = 249.27
Monoclinic, P2₁/c
a = 11.903 (1) Å
b = 10.895 (2) Å
c = 10.343 (1) Å
β = 109.76 (1)°
V = 1262.3 (3) Å³
Z = 4

D_x = 1.312 Mg m⁻³
Cu Kα radiation
Cell parameters from 25 reflections
θ = 3.95–64.93°
μ = 0.798 mm⁻¹
T = 296 (2) K
Plate, colourless
0.25 × 0.25 × 0.02 mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
ω–2θ scans
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
T_{min} = 0.854, T_{max} = 0.999
2060 measured reflections
2060 independent reflections

1243 reflections with I > 2σ(I)
θ_{max} = 64.93°
h = 0 → 13
k = 0 → 12
l = –12 → 11
2 standard reflections every 90 reflections
intensity decay: none

Refinement

Refinement on F²
R[F² > 2σ(F²)] = 0.057
wR(F²) = 0.1312
S = 1.120
2059 reflections
164 parameters
H-atom parameters not refined

w = 1/[σ²(F_o²) + (0.0738P)² + 0.5706P] where P = (F_o² + 2F_c²)/3
(Δ/σ)_{max} < 0.001
Δρ_{max} = 0.24 e Å⁻³
Δρ_{min} = –0.17 e Å⁻³
Extinction correction: SHELXL93
Extinction coefficient: 0.0023 (5)

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

C3–C6	1.500 (5)	C11–N12	1.340 (4)
C4–C6	1.498 (5)	N12–C17	1.379 (4)
C5–C6	1.494 (5)	N12–C13	1.456 (4)
C6–O7	1.450 (4)	N14–C15	1.356 (4)
O7–C8	1.416 (4)	C15–C16	1.362 (4)
C8–C9	1.506 (5)	C16–C18	1.429 (5)
C9–O10	1.469 (4)	C16–C17	1.431 (4)
C9–C13	1.525 (5)	C17–O20	1.224 (4)
O10–C11	1.326 (4)	C18–N19	1.147 (4)
C11–N14	1.302 (4)		
O7–C6–C5	111.0 (3)	O10–C11–N12	112.0 (3)
O7–C6–C3	103.4 (3)	C11–N12–C17	122.6 (3)
C5–C6–C3	111.0 (4)	C11–N12–C13	111.0 (3)
O7–C6–C4	110.3 (3)	C17–N12–C13	126.3 (3)
C5–C6–C4	110.2 (4)	N12–C13–C9	101.3 (3)
C3–C6–C4	110.8 (4)	C11–N14–C15	113.1 (3)
C8–O7–C6	117.4 (3)	N14–C15–C16	124.8 (3)
O7–C8–C9	108.4 (3)	C15–C16–C18	121.2 (3)
O10–C9–C8	107.2 (3)	C15–C16–C17	120.6 (3)
O10–C9–C13	104.1 (3)	C18–C16–C17	118.2 (3)
C8–C9–C13	115.2 (3)	O20–C17–N12	120.7 (3)
C11–O10–C9	108.1 (2)	O20–C17–C16	127.3 (3)
N14–C11–O10	121.1 (3)	N12–C17–C16	112.0 (3)
N14–C11–N12	126.9 (3)	N19–C18–C16	178.8 (4)

Data collection: CAD-4 Software (Enraf–Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: CAD-4 Software; data reduction: Nonius (unpublished); program(s) used to solve structure:

SHELXS86 (Sheldrick, 1990); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL93* (Sheldrick, 1993).

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